

Intermediate V-Notch Weir Sizes

There are six standard angles for V-notch weirs: 22-1/2°, 30°, 45°, 60°, 90°, and 120° any for most applications these are sufficient. There are times, however, where flow measurement at a site needs to be more finely tuned than the standard sizes allow or a site needs to be calibrated for an incorrect made weir notch. Regardless of the reason, there is a need to be able to calculate discharge equations for intermediate V-notches.

For V-notches between 25 and 100 degrees, the Kindsvater-Shen relationship can be applied to calculate the free-flow discharge equation (Kulin and Compton). The equation is as follows:

$$Q = 4.28 C_e \tan(\theta/2) h_{1e}^{2.5}$$

Q = discharge (cfs)

C_e = effective discharge coefficient

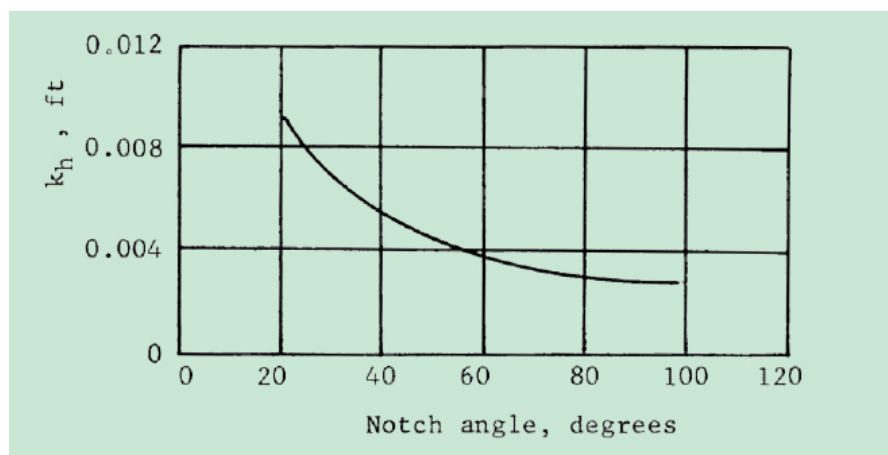
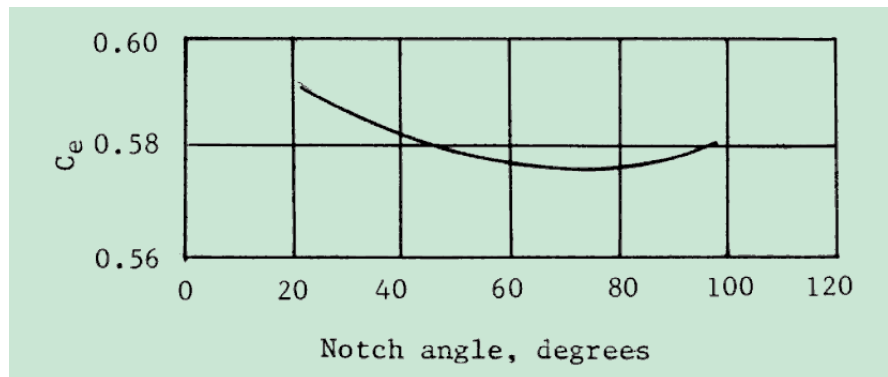
h₁ = head on the weir (feet)

h_{1e} = h₁ + k_h (feet)

k_h = head correction factor (feet)

θ = angle of V-notch

The effective discharge coefficient, C_e, and the head correction factor, k_h, can be obtained from the charts below (BSI):



Note that the equation and correction factors apply to fully contracted V-notches. Partially contracted (90°) V-notches rely on different C_e values.



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